Medicare 7-Element Written Order

Medicare requires completion of a 7-Element Written Order for all Power Mobility Devices. *Please use your own prescription pad and complete as shown*:

Your own Rx pad	
Name	DOB
Power Mobility Device	
Date of face-to-face Diagnosis Length of Need: 99 manths	
M.D./D.O. Signature	Date
Physician's NPI#	
M.D./D.O. co-signature required on all P.A./N.P. signatures	

7 Elements Required:

- 1. Patient Name
- 2. Item Ordered
- 3. Date of face-to-face appointment***
- 4. Diagnoses
- 5. Length of Need
- 6. Physician's Signature
- 7. Date of Signature

****Physician's NPI Must be written or printed on Rx****

***If the patient was seen for a P.T. Evaluation <u>after</u> face-to-face appt. with the physician, then the *date* of face-to-face will be recorded on this Order as the date physician concurred with P.T. (ie. Date of face-to-face = date P.T. evaluation is signed by Dr.)

Medicare Power Wheelchair CHART NOTE Requirements

Please note, there are NO generic forms to be completed; NO fill-in-the-blanks. Medicare expects Power Mobility Device evaluations to be documented in your own record-keeping format. Not only do they find forms to be insufficient in painting a clear picture of your patient's mobility deficits, but they can also be construed as a form of "coaching," which is against the rules. CMS states that instead of completed forms, "What is required is a thorough narrative description of your patient's current condition, past history, and pertinent physical examination that clearly describes their mobility needs in the home and why a cane, walker, or optimally configured manual wheelchair is not sufficient to meet those needs."

Please address these 7 Criteria in your Chart Notes:

- 1. Reason for Visit
 - a. Face-to-face Power Mobility Evaluation
- 2. Evidence of physical evaluation
 - a. Height
 - b. Weight
 - c. Upper Extremity Strength (/5)
 - d. Lower Extremity Strength (/5)
 - e. Gait— Unsteady? Fall&Fx risk?
 - f. O2 Sat—(% w/exertion)
- 3. Rule out cane or walker
 - a. Include 2-3 reasons why a cane/walker is insufficient
 - b. Include quantifiable justification
 - i. **Example**: Patient cannot use a cane or walker because of lower extremity weakness of 3/5, history of falls with a walker (2 in the last month), and bilateral knee pain of 6/10.
- 4. Rule out manual wheelchair
 - a. Include 2-3 reasons why patient cannot self-propel
 - b. Include quantifiable justification
 - i. **Example**: Patient cannot self-propel in a manual wheelchair because of upper extremity weakness of 3/5, decreased grip strength of 3/5, and declining endurance. Patient cannot self-propel more than 5 ft.
- 5. Rule out electric scooter/POV
 - a. If the patient is not appropriate for a scooter it must be ruled out
 - Example: Not enough operating room in the home, Pt. is unsafe in transfers to/from scooter, Scooter may exacerbate patient's back/ shoulder pain, Scooter doesn't offer enough postural support, Patient has strength in the upper extremities of less than 3/5
- 6. Indicate that patient is capable and motivated to use power wheelchair
 - a. Include your assessment of the patient's capabilities and motivation to use the power wheelchair in the home
 - i. **Example:** Patient is physically and mentally capable of using a power wheelchair, and motivated to do so.
- 7. How will the patient use the power wheelchair in their home
 - a. Include the MRADL's the patient will perform in the power wheelchair
 - i. **Example:** Toileting, grooming, eating, meal preparation, transferring room-to-room, housekeeping

g. Pain Ratings—shoulders, hands/wrists, hips, back, knees, ankles, etc. (/10)

h. Restricted ROM anywhere?

i. Quantity of falls—in the past month or two? Consequences?